



Second Quarter Receipts for First Quarter Sales (Jan-Mar 2010)

Glendale In Brief

Receipts from January – March sales were 6.6% lower than the same period last year. Over 25.0% of the decline was due to the 15.6% drop in the countywide use tax allocation pool.

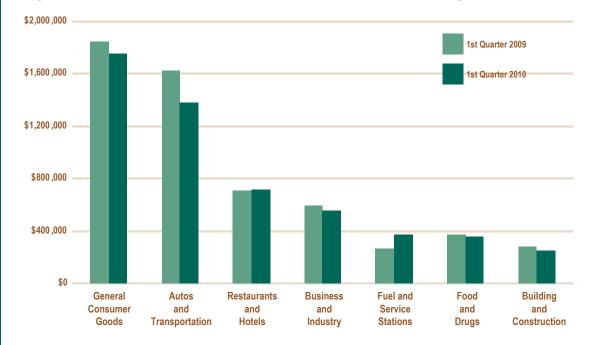
Store closures contributed almost half of the overall decrease in the General Consumer Goods group. A new outlet in family apparel partially offset this loss.

The slump in new auto sales and auto leasing was exaggerated by retroactive adjustments that overstated returns in the year-ago period. Onetime events inflated business to business receipts while a business closure in the light industrial/printers category added to the loss.

New eateries and retroactive adjustments expanded results in all restaurant classifications. Higher fuel prices pushed up service station proceeds.

Adjusted for reporting aberrations, taxable sales for all of Los Angeles County and its cities gained 0.3% over the comparable time period while South California as a whole was up 0.5%.

SALES TAX BY MAJOR BUSINESS GROUP



Top 25 Producers

In Alphabetical Order

Kwik/Al Sal Oil

Lexus of Glendale Allen Gwynn Chevrolet Macvs Apple Computer Nordstrom **Bob Smith Toyota** Pacific BMW Calstar Mercedes Ralphs **CVS Pharmacy** Sears **Financial Services** Star Ford Lincoln Vehicle Trust Mercury Forever 21 Star Mazda Glendale Mitsubishi Target Glendale Nissan Toyota Motor Credit Infiniti Toyota of Glendale Home Depot Vons JC Penney Walt Disney

Imagineering

REVENUE COMPARISON

Four Quarters - Fiscal Year To Date

	2008-09	2009-10	
Point-of-Sale	\$26,169,080	\$23,288,824	
County Pool	2,940,547	2,448,430	
State Pool	12,927	20,430	
Gross Receipts	\$29,122,553	\$25,757,684	
Less Triple Flip*	\$(7,280,638)	\$(6,439,421)	

*Reimbursed from county compensation fund





Statewide Results

Adjusted for accounting aberrations, California's local sales and use tax revenues from the first quarter of 2010 were 1% higher than the same quarter one year ago. This marks the first year-over-year gain in statewide sales in two and one-half years.

For most agencies, the increase came almost exclusively from the 33% recovery in fuel prices since first quarter 2009. An early Easter also helped boost receipts from discount department stores and value priced apparel while year-end bonuses, the prior stock market rally and manufacturer incentives produced auto sales gains in some high income communities.

Geographically, the central and northern coastal areas of California did better than the rest of the state. However, the only solid across-the-board increases occurred in a few areas surrounding the technology centers of Silicon Valley.

Projections for a Tepid Recovery Continue

Statewide, declines in local sales and use tax revenues are generally thought to have "bottomed out" and expectations are for moderate gains in local allocations over the next two quarters. Rising fuel prices, stimulus rebates for energy-related purchases, inventory rebuilding by retailers and manufacturers and a temporary slump in consumer savings to satisfy pent up demand are all expected to have a positive impact on revenues.

Aggressive manufacturer incentives are also projected to improve new car sales over the next few quarters although the taxable values of the units sold will be far less than at the peak of the credit bubble when 40% of all California new car sales were financed from home equity loans which had encouraged more expensive purchases.

However the increases are anticipated to taper off in the last half of the fiscal year as inventory rebuilding winds down and various federal stimulus and tax incentive programs are phased out. Overall year-end gains are expected to be modest except in jurisdictions benefitting from new development or specific business/retail segments.

The current consensus is that California's fiscal problems, high unemployment and a continued slump in construction activity make significant recovery in tax revenues unlikely before 2012-2013.

Local Add-On Sales Tax Measures Approved

All six proposals for sales tax addons were approved in June as voters continued to exhibit an openness to financing services in their immediate communities where they have more input and control.

New taxes were approved in the cities of Calexico, Cathedral City, Cotati, Rohnert Park and Woodland. Davis approved continuation of an existing tax that was about to sunset.

This brings the number of agencies

with one or more "transactions tax" districts to 78 cities and 27 counties. While sales tax is collected on all purchases and allocated to where the sale is negotiated, the local "transactions tax" is collected and distributed for purchases in only the levying jurisdiction where the goods are delivered, consumed or registered.

A dozen agencies are considering similar measures for the November 2010 ballot.

SALES PER CAPITA



GLENDALE TOP 15 BUSINESS TYPES						
	Glendale		County	HdL State		
Business Type	Q1 '10*	Change	Change	Change		
New Motor Vehicle Dealers	\$901.2	-12.8%	-3.0%	0.0%		
Department Stores	396.7	-3.2%	-0.7%	-0.9%		
Service Stations	372.3	37.9%	29.3%	28.0%		
Restaurants No Alcohol	323.1	-0.7%	-0.1%	-3.3%		
Family Apparel	311.8	2.2%	15.1%	13.7%		
Restaurants Liquor	288.4	2.1%	5.0%	5.1%		
Auto Lease	258.5	-29.2%	-18.8%	-20.8%		
Specialty Stores	188.0	-7.4%	-4.8%	-3.7%		
Grocery Stores Liquor	173.5	-4.0%	-11.8%	-3.5%		
Women's Apparel	161.8	-4.1%	4.7%	3.6%		
Electronics/Appliance Stores	155.0	-6.9%	-9.2%	-6.2%		
Lumber/Building Materials	144.0	1.7%	3.3%	1.6%		
Discount Dept Stores	— CONFIDENTIAL —		5.1%	4.9%		
Light Industrial/Printers	106.3	-26.6%	-12.4%	-10.3%		
Restaurants Beer And Wine	86.2	7.4%	-8.0%	-6.2%		
Total All Accounts	\$5,395.5	-5.4%	1.0%	0.8%		
County & State Pool Allocation	586.1	-15.7%				
Gross Receipts	\$5,981.6	-6.6%		*In thousands		