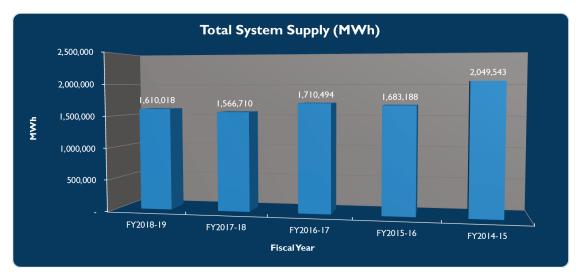
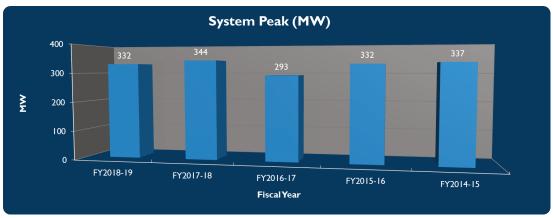
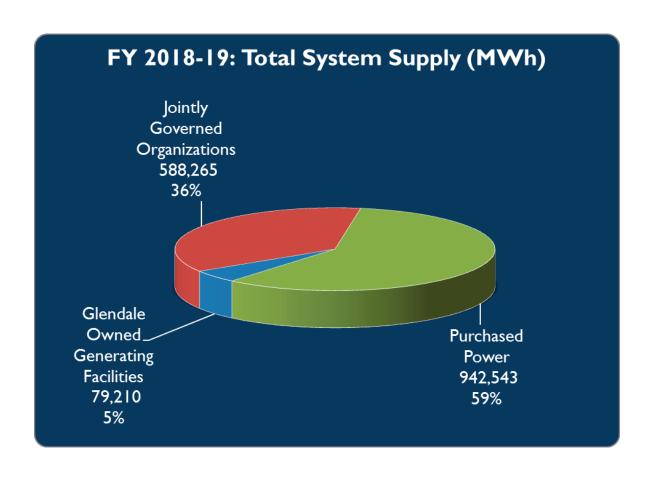
Last Five Years

SYSTEM SUPPLY (MWH)	FY2018 19	FY2017 18	FY2016 17	FY2015 16	FY2014 15
Owned Generation					
Glendale Owned Generating Facilities					
Natural Gas Units (Grayson)	79,210	158,353	160,396	179,028	180,493
Jointly Governed Organizations / Remote O	wnership				
Intermountain Power Project (IPA)	243,520	250,391	240,123	242,105	237,736
PV Nuclear Generating Station (SCPPA)	81,767	83,928	83,317	84,190	84,641
San Juan Unit 3 (SCPPA)		57,026	136,669	112,255	129,710
Magnolia Power Project (SCPPA)	244,479	250,177	225,603	270,975	259,268
Tieton Hydropower Project (SCPPA)	18,499	26,955	29,954	26,003	26,466
Total Owned Generation	667,475	826,830	876,062	914,556	918,314
Purchased Power					
Purchased Power Contracts	451,655	412,286	453,419	349,826	156,719
Market Purchases	490,888	327,594	381,013	418,806	974,510
Total Purchased Power	942,543	739,880	834,432	768,632	1,131,229
Total System Supply	1,610,018	1,566,710	1,710,494	1,683,188	2,049,543
System Peak (MW)	332	344	293	332	337

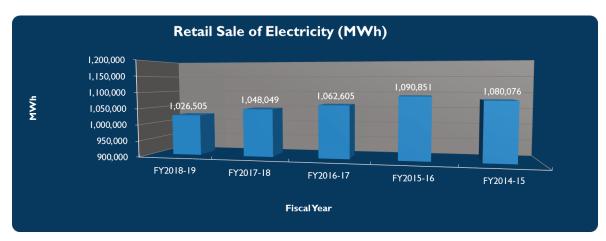


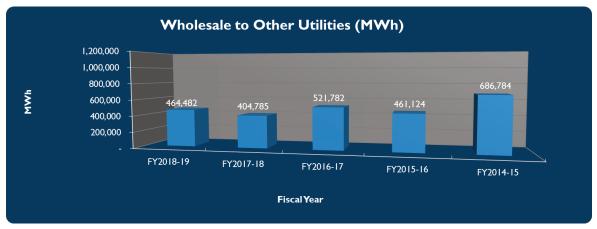




Last Five Years

ELECTRIC USE	FY2018 19	FY2017 18	FY2016 17	FY2015 16	FY2014 15
Average Number of Meters					
Residential	76,256	75,589	74,783	74,176	73,678
Commercial	13,092	13,043	12,967	12,938	12,869
Industrial	195	196	211	212	214
Streetlights	21	21	21	21	21
Total Meters All Classes	89,564	88,849	87,982	87,347	86,782
MEGAWATT HOUR SALES (MWh)					
Retail Sale of Electricity					
Residential	371,625	369,703	372,746	383,783	372,426
Commercial	329,429	337,282	334,185	335,019	337,388
Industrial	316,244	331,859	346,427	362,867	361,719
Streetlighting	9,207	9,205	9,247	9,182	8,543
Total Retail Sale of Electricity	1,026,505	1,048,049	1,062,605	1,090,851	1,080,076
Wholesale to Other Utilities					
Sales to Other Utilities	464,482	404,785	521,782	461,124	512,846
Wholesale					173,938
Total Wholesale to Other Utilities	464,482	404,785	521,782	461,124	686,784
Total Megawatt Hour Sales	1,490,987	1,452,834	1,584,387	1,551,975	1,766,860

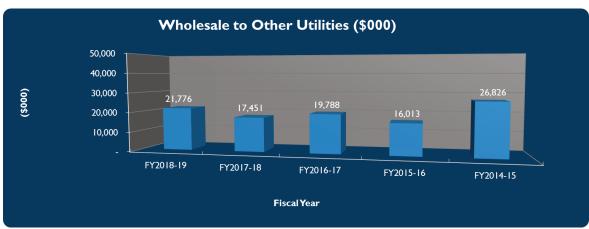


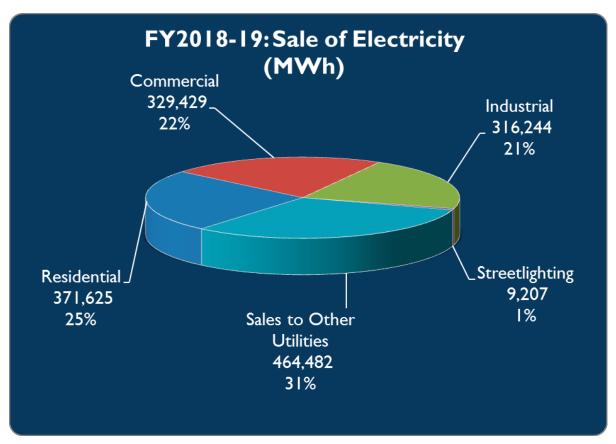


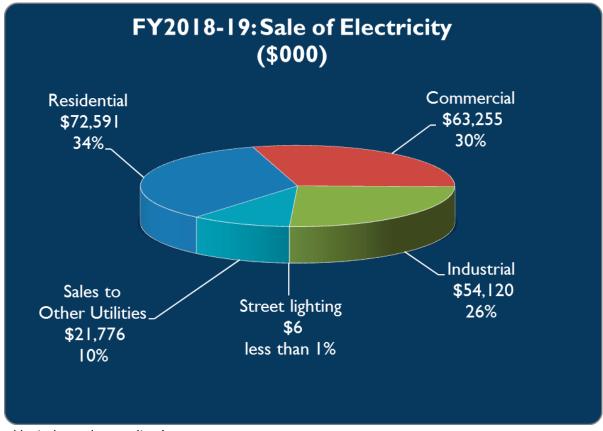
Last Five Years

REVENUES (\$000)	FY2018 19	FY2017 18	FY2016 17	FY2015 16	FY2014 15
Retail and Wholesale Revenues					
Retail Sale of Electricity					
Residential	\$ 72,591	\$ 74,610	\$ 73,139	\$ 73,924	\$ 67,754
Commercial	63,255	66,962	64,987	64,214	61,747
Industrial	54,120	59,813	60,766	63,310	59,626
Streetlighting	6	6	6	6	3
Total Retail Sale of Electricity	189,972	201,391	198,898	201,454	189,130
Wholesale to Other Utilities					
Sales to Other Utilities	21,776	17,451	19,788	16,013	19,042
Wholesale Sales		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	7,784
Total Wholesale to Other Utilities	21,776	17,451	19,788	16,013	26,826
Total Retail and Wholesale Revenues	\$ 211,748	\$ 218,842	\$ 218,686	\$ 217,467	\$ 215,956









ELECTRIC UTILITY OPERATING STATISTICS

Last Five Years

TRANSMISSION & DISTRIBUTION	FY2018 19	FY2017 18	FY2016 17	FY2015 16	FY2014 15
Circuit Miles					
Overhead lines (miles)	276	276	278	278	278
Underground lines (miles)	282	282	276	276	275
Total Circuit Miles	558	558	554	553	553
Transformer Capacity, kVA					
230kV to 69kV	324,000	324,000	324,000	324,000	324,000
69kV to 35kV	500,000	500,000	550,000	550,000	550,000
69kV to 12kV	255,000	255,000	225,000	225,000	225,000
35kV to 12kV	137,000	140,000	140,000	140,000	140,000
35kV to 4kV	126,000	126,000	124,000	124,000	128,000
13.8kV to 35kV	186,800	187,000	187,000	187,000	187,000
13.8kV to 69kV	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000
373V to 69kV	2,000				
12 kV to Customer	687,766	686,082	620,312	658,836	654,412
4 kV to Customer	168,512	171,891	176,199	179,902	185,582

ELECTRIC UTILITY FACTS	FY2018 19	FY2017 18	FY2016 17	FY2015 16	FY2014 15
Operating Margin	5.7%	16.0%	17.3%	21.4%	15.8%
Debt to Total Capitalization	32.3%	33.4%	35.4%	37.3%	39.8%
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	4.4	5.3	6.9	7.6	6.3

ELECTRIC UTILITY OPERATING STATISTICS

ELECTRIC UTILITY				Street		Sales to Other	
Class Trends (Overview)	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	lighting	Subtotal	Utilities	Total
Revenue from the	Residential	Commercial	muusulai		Jubtotai	Jenneles	T Octail
Sale of Electricity (\$000)							
Year Ended June 30							
2019	\$ 72.591	\$ 63.255	\$ 54.120	\$ 6	189.972	\$ 21.776	\$ 211,748
2019	74,610	66,962	59,813	6	201,391	17,451	218,842
Increase (Decrease)	\$ (2,019)				\$ (11,419)		\$ (7,094)
Percent Increase ()	2.7%	5.5%	9.5%	0.0%	5.7%	24.8%	3.2%
Megawatt Hours Sold							
Year Ended June 30							
2019	371,625	329,429	316,244	9,207	1,026,505	464,482	1,490,987
2018	369,703	337,282	331,859	9,205	1,048,049	404,785	1,452,834
Increase (Decrease)	1,922	(7,853)	(15,615)	2	(21,544)	59,697	38,153
Percent Increase ()	0.5%	2.3%	4.7%	0.0%	2.1%	14.7%	2.6%
Average Number of Meters							
Year Ended June 30							
2019	76,256	13,092	195	21	89,564	N/A	89,564
2018	75,589	13,043	196	21	88,849	N/A	88,849
Increase (Decrease)	667	49	(I)		715	N/A	715
Percent Increase ()	0.9%	0.4%	0.5%	0.0%	0.8%	N/A	0.8%

ELECTRIC UTILITY Class Trends (Unit Cost)	Re	esidential	Co	ommercial	ı	ndustrial	Street lighting	;	Subtotal	Sales to Other Utilities	Total
Average Billing Price per KWh											
Year Ended June 30											
2019	\$	0.1953	\$	0.1920	\$	0.1711	\$ 0.0006	\$	0.1851	\$ 0.0469	\$ 0.1420
2018	_	0.2018		0.1985		0.1802	0.0007		0.1922	0.0431	 0.1506
Increase (Decrease)	\$	(0.0065)	\$	(0.0065)	\$	(0.0091)	\$ (0.0001)	\$	(0.0071)	\$ 0.0038	\$ (0.0086)
Percent Increase ()		3.2%		3.3%		5.0%	15.4%		3.7%	8.8%	5.7%

						Sales to	
ELECTRIC UTILITY				Street		Other	
Class Trends (Usage by Meter)	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	lighting	Subtotal	Utilities	Total
Average Use by Meter, kWh							
Year Ended June 30							
2019	4,873	25,163	1,621,764	438,429	11,461	N/A	11,461
2018	4,891	25,859	1,693,158	438,333	11,796	N/A	11,796
Increase (Decrease)	(18)	(696)	(71,394)	96	(335)	N/A	(335)
Percent Increase ()	0.4%	2.7%	4.2%	0.0%	2.8%	N/A	2.8%



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council of the City of Glendale, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the statement of net position and related statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows of the Electric Enterprise Fund (the Fund) of the City of Glendale, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2019. Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding the fact that the financial statements present only the Fund of the City and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Glendale, California, as of June 30, 2019, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Fund's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Fund's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Fund's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fund's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fund's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Gede Sailly LLP

November 26, 2019